RULES OF GEORGIA DEPARTMENT OF NATURAL RESOURCES

CHAPTER 391-4 WILDLIFE RESOURCES

SUBJECT 391-4-8 WILD ANIMALS

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This is a copy of the new rules with species additions to the wild animals list highlighted in yellow. Taxonomic changes are not highlighted.

391-4-8-.01 Purpose and Scope.

The purpose of these rules is to update the list of wild animals provided in O.C.G.A. Sec. 27-5-5. Pursuant to O.C.G.A. Sec. 27-5-2, these rules maintain and supplement the list of wild animals requiring a license, insurance, or both and prohibit certain species. These rules include all species originally listed in O.C.G.A. Sec. 27-5-5 and species appended by the Board of Natural Resources. **Authority O.C.G.A. Sec. 27-5-2.**

391-4-8-.02 Definitions.

Unless the context clearly requires otherwise, the following terms as used in this Subject have the following meanings:

- (a) "Aquaria or tanks" means containers for holding freshwater or marine fishes or freshwater or marine invertebrates from which no water is discharged, except during periodic cleaning, and such discharged water is passed through a filtering system capable of removing all animals and eggs and is disposed of only in a septic tank permitted by the county or in a waste-water treatment system permitted by the Environmental Protection Division of the department. Further, aquaria, tanks, and related components shall be constructed, maintained, and located to contain such species under normal and adverse operating and environmental conditions.
- (b) "Tag" means uniquely marked as determined by the department.
- (c) "Wild animal" is as defined in O.C.G.A. Sec. 27-1-2(75). **Authority O.C.G.A. Sec. 27-5-2.**

391-4-8-.03 Prohibited Wild Animals

(1) The following wild animals are considered a significant threat to wildlife or other natural resources and live individuals are prohibited.

(a) Mammals:

1. Order Carnivora: Family Herpestidae (mongooses) - All species;

(b) Birds:

- 1. Order Gruiformes: Family Rallidae (rails) Porphyrio porphyrio (Purple Swamphen);
- 2. Order Psittaciformes: Family Psittacidae Myiopsitta monachus (monk parakeet or Quaker parrot) except those individuals possessing monk parakeets or Quaker parrots under a wild animal license that is current on the effective date of this rule may continue to possess these animals according to their license conditions;

(c) Fishes:

- 1. Order Anabantiformes: Family Channidae (snakeheads)-All species;
- 2. Order Characiformes: Family Alestidae-Hydrocynus goliath (African tigerfish);
 - 3. Order Cypriniformes: Family Xenocyprididae:
 - (i) Genus Hypopthalmichthys (bighead and silver carps);
 - (ii) Mylopharyngodon piceus (black carp);
- 4. Order Perciformes: Family Latidae (lates perches): Genus Lates-All species;
- 5. Order Siluriformes: Family Siluridae (sheatfishes) Siluris glanis (wels catfish);

(d) Invertebrates:

- 1. Order Myida: Family Dreissenidae (dreissenid mussels) All species;
- 2. Order Stylommatophora: Family Achatinidae: Subfamily Achatininae (giant African land snails)-All species; and
- 3. Order Decapoda: Family Cambaridae (crayfishes)-Procambarus virginalis (marbled crayfish or "marmokrebs"). Authority O.C.G.A. Sec. 27-5-2.

391-4-8-.04 Inherently Dangerous Wild Animals, License and Insurance Required

(1) The following wild animals are considered inherently dangerous to human beings and pursuant to O.C.G.A. Sec. 27-5-4 are subject to licensing and liability insurance requirements.

(a) Mammals:

- 1. Order Artiodactyla (even-toed ungulates):
- (i) Family Bovidae (ruminant mammals):
- (I) Genera Addax, Alcelaphus, Boselaphus, Connochaetes, Syncerus, and Taurotragus (addax, hartebeests, nilgai, gnu, wildebeests, African buffalo, elands, etc) All species;
 - (II) Bos sauveli (kouprey);
 - (III) Hippotragus niger (sable);
 - (IV) Oryx gazella (gemsbok);
- (ii) Family Hippopotamidae Hippopotamus amphibius (hippopotamus);
- (iii) Family Suidae: Genus Phacochoerus (warthogs) All species;
 - 2. Order Carnivora:
- (i) Family Canidae: Genera Canis, Chrysocyon, Cuon, and Lycaon (wolves, jackals, dingos, etc.) All species, except as provided in Rule 391-4-2-.16 for coyotes;
 - (ii) Family Felidae (cats) All species;²
 - (iii) Family Hyaenidae (hyenas) All species;
 - (iv) Family Mustelidae Gulo gulo (wolverine);
 - (v) Family Ursidae (bears) All species;
- 3. Order Diprotodontia: Family Macropodidae (Kangaroos, wallabies, wallaroos, etc.) All species;
- 4. Order Perissodactyla: Family Rhinocerotidae (rhinoceroses) All species;
 - 5. Order Proboscidea (elephants) All species;
 - 6. Order Primates:
- (i) Family Hominidae: Genera Gorilla, Pan, and Pongo (Gorillas, Chimpanzees, Orangutan, etc.) All species;
 - (ii) Family Hylobatidae (gibbons, siamangs, etc.) All species;

(iii) Family Cercopithecidae: Genera Macaca, Mandrillus, Theropithecus, and Papio (macaques, mandrills, drills, and baboons) - All species;

(b) **Reptiles**:

- 1. Order Crocodilia (alligators and caimans, crocodiles, gharials)
- All species;
 - 2. Order Squamata:
- (i) Family Atractaspididae (mole-vipers or stiletto snakes) All species;
 - (ii) Family Colubridae:
- (I) Genera Balanophis, Macropisthodon, and Rhabdophis (keelbacks) All species;
 - (II) Genus Dispholidus (boomslangs) All species;
 - (III) Genus Thelotornis (twig snakes) All species;
 - (IV) Genus Thrasops (bold-eyed tree snakes) All species;
 - (iii) Family Elapidae All species;
- (iv) Family Helodermatidae (Gila monster and beaded lizards) All species;
 - (v) Family Viperidae (vipers and pit vipers) All species;

(c) Fishes:

- 1. Order Characiformes: Family Serrasalmidae: Subfamily Serrasalminae (pirhanas) All species;
- 2. Order Gymnotiformes: Family Gymnotidae (gymnotid eels): Genus Electrophorus All species;
- 3. Order Myliobatiformes: Family Potamotrygonidae (American stingrays) All species;
 - 4. Order Perciformes:
- i. Family Synanceiidae (stonefishes): Genus Synanceia All species;
 - ii. Family Trachinidae (weeverfishes) All species;
- 5. Order Siluriformes: Family Trichomycteridae (candirus, etc.): Genus Vandellia All species;
- 6. Species listed in subparagraphs (c)2 and (c)4 and held in aquaria or tanks in Georgia before the effective date of this rule

may be possessed, sold, transported or transferred for a 12-month period following the effective date of this rule;

- (d) Invertebrates:
- 1. Order Scorpiones:
- (i) Family Buthidae:
- (I) Genus Androctonus (fattail scorpions) All species;
- (II) Genus Centruroides (bark scorpions) All species;
- (III) Genus Parabuthus (burrowing thicktailed scoprions All species;
 - (IV) Leiurus quinquestriatus (deathstalker); and
- (ii) Family Scorpionidae Opistophthalmus glabrifons (yellow-legged creeping scorpion).

Authority O.C.G.A. Secs. 27-5-2 and 27-5-4.

391-4-8-.05 Wild Animals, License Required

- (1) The following wild animals are subject to licensing requirements pursuant to O.C.G.A. Sec. 27-5-4.
 - (a) Mammals
 - 1. Order Afrosoricida (golden moles, tenrecs) All species;
- 2. Order Artiodactyla (even-toed unguluates) All species except Bison bison (buffalo), Bubalus bubalus (water buffalo), Genus Lama (llamas), and Genus Vicugna (alpaca);
- 3. Order Carnivora (weasels, ferrets, cats, bears, wolves, etc.) All species, except that European ferret (Mustela putorius furo) may be sold, purchased, exhibited, or held as a pet without a license or permit; provided, however, that the ferret owner has in possession valid documentation that each ferret was sexually neutered prior to seven months of age and is vaccinated against rabies with a properly administered vaccine approved for use on ferrets by the United States Department of Agriculture;
 - 4. Order Chiroptera (bats) All species;
 - 5. Order Cingulata (armadillos, etc.) All species;
 - 6. Order Dermoptera (flying lemurs) All species;

- 7. Orders Diprotodontia and Peramelemorphia (Marsupials) All species except that Petaurus breviceps (sugar glider) may be sold, purchased, exhibited, or held as a pet without a license or permit if the owner thereof possesses valid documentation that the animal originated from a source inspected and regulated by the United States Department of Agriculture;
 - 8. Order Erinaceopmorpha (hedgehogs) All species;
 - 9. Order Hyracoidea (conies) All species;
 - 10. Order Lagomorpha (Rabbits, hares, etc) All species;
 - 11. Order Macroscelida (elephant shrews) All species;
 - 12. Order Perissodactyla (odd-toed ungulates) All species;
- 13. Order Pholidota (pangolins, scaly anteaters, etc.) All species;
 - 14. Order Pilosa (sloths, etc.) All species;
 - 15. Order Primates (monkeys, apes, etc) All species;
- 16. Order Rodentia (rats, mice, etc.) All species except Genera Cavia, Chinchilla, Gerbillus, Meriones, Mesocricetus, and species Mus musculus, Rattus rattus, and Rattus norvegicus;
 - 17. Order Sirenia (manatees, dugongs) All species;
 - 18. Order Scandentia (tree shrews) All species;
 - 19. Order Soricomorpha (shrews, moles, etc) All species;
 - 20. Order Tubulidentata (aardvark) All species;

(b) Birds:

- 1. Order Accipitriformes (Hawks, eagles, hawk-eagles, sea-eagles, harriers, osprey, Old World vultures, and kites) All species;
- 2. Order Cathartiformes (New World vultures and condors) All species;
- 3. Order Cuculiformes: Family Cuculidae (cuckoos) All species;
- 4. Order Falconiformes (Forest-falcons, falcons, and caracaras) All species;
- 5. Order Galliformes: Family Phasianidae (turkeys) Genus Meleagris;
 - 6. Order Passeriformes:

- (i) Family Alaudidae (larks) Alauda arvensis (Eurasian sky lark);
 - (ii) Family Corvidae (crows, ravens, etc.) All species;
- (iii) Family Emberizidae (Old World buntings, etc.) Emberiza citrinella (yellow hammer);
- (iv) Family Icteridae (New World blackbirds, grackles, orioles, etc.): Genera Molothrus, Quiscalus, and Agelaius All species;
- (v) Family Ploceidae (sparrows, weavers, queleas, weaver finches, etc.):
- (I) Genus Passer All species except Passer domesticus (English house sparrow);
 - (II) Ploceus capensis (cape weaver);
 - (III) Ploceus philippinus (Baya weaver);
 - (IV) Genus Quelea All species;
 - (vi) Family Pycnonotidae (bulbuls) All species;
- (vii) Family Turdidae (thrushes, Old World blackbirds, fieldfare, etc.): Genus Turdus All species;
- (viii) Family Zosteropidae (white eyes): Genus Zosterops All species;
- (ix) Family Estrildidae (waxbills, ricebirds, munias, etc.) Padda oryzivora (Java sparrow);
- (x) Family Sturnidae (starlings, mynas, etc.) All species, except Sturnus vulgaris (starling) and Gracula religiosa (Hill mynas);
 - 7. Order Strigiformes (owls) All species;
- 8. The species listed in subparagraphs (b)1., (b)4., and (b)7. may be possessed by individuals having a valid Georgia falconry license or permit without obtaining a wild animal license;

(c) Reptiles:

- 1. Order Squamata:
- (i) Family Pythonidae Python molurus (Indian rock python);
- (ii) Family Pythonidae Python bivittatus (Burmese python);
- (iii) Family Teidae Salvator merianae (Argentine black-and-white tegu);
 - (iv) Family Varanidae Varanus niloticus (Nile monitor);
 - 2. Order Testudines:

- (i) Family Pelomedusidae Pelomedusa subrufa (African helmeted turtle);
- (ii) Family Trionychidae (softshell turtles) Pelodiscus sinensis (Chinese softshell turtle);
- 3. The species listed in subparagraph (c) shall only be licensed for scientific, educational, or public exhibition purposes consistent with O.C.G.A. Sec. 27-5-4; provided, however, that such species possessed on or before the effective date of this rule may be held as a pet without a license or permit provided that the owner tags and registers all individuals with the Georgia DNR Law Enforcement Division within 12 months following the effective date of this rule;

(d) Amphibians:

1. Order Anura: Family Bufonidae (true toads): Genus Rhinella (cane toads) - All species;

(e) Fishes:

- 1. Order Osteoglossiformes: Family Arapaimidae (Arapaimas) All species;
 - 2. Order Characiformes:
- (i) Family Characidae (characins) Psalidodon fasciatus (banded Astyanax);
 - (ii) Family Erythrinidae (trahiras) All species;
 - 3. Order Cypriniformes:
- (i) Family Xenocyprididae (east Asian minnows) -

Ctenopharyngodon idella (grass carp);

- 4. Order Siluriformes:
- (i) Family Clariidae (airbreathing catfishes) All species;
- (ii) Family Heteropneustidae (airsac catfishes, giant walking catfishes) All species;
- (iii) Family Sisoridae (sisorid catfishes): Genus Bagarius (goonch catfishes) All species;
- 5. Order Synbranchiformes: Family Synbranchidae (swamp eels)All species;

- 6. All exotic fishes which are not held in aquaria or tanks. This includes any fish species meeting the definition of wild animals. This subparagraph shall not apply to any species of fish regulated by any rule in this Subject, to domestic fish as defined in 27-1-2(23), or by any other Georgia law;
- 7. Species listed in subparagraphs (e)1, (e)2(ii), (e)4(iii), and (e)5 and held in aquaria or tanks in Georgia before the effective date of this rule may be possessed, sold, transported, or transferred for a 12-month period following the effective date of this rule;

(f) Invertebrates:

- 1. Order Architaenioglossa:
- (i) Family Ampulariidae: Genus Pomacea (apple snails) All species;
- (ii) Family Viviparidae: Genus Cipangopaludina (asian mystery snails) All species;
 - 2. Order Decapoda:
 - (i) Family Astacidae (crayfishes) All species;
- (ii) Family Cambaridae (crayfishes) All species, except that Cambarellus spp., Procambarus clarkii (red swamp crayfish), and Procambarus zonangulus (White River crayfish) may be sold, purchased or possessed without a license or permit;
 - (iii) Family Cambaroididae (crayfishes) All species;
 - (iv) Family Parastacidae (crayfishes) All species;
- (v) Family Penaeidae (penaeid shrimps) All species, except that dead penaeid shrimps may be possessed without a license when purchased for human consumption;
- 3. Order Littorinimorpha; Family Tateidae: Potamopyrgus antipodarum (New Zealand Mud Snail);
- 4. Order Neogastropoda: Family Nasseridae Anentome helena (assassin/bumblebee snail);
 - 5. Order Unionida:
 - (i) Family Etheriidae (etheriid mussels) All species;
 - (ii) Family Hyriidae (hyriid mussels) -All species;
 - (iii) Family Iridinidae (iridinid mussels) All species;
 - (iv) Family Mycetopodidae (Mycetopodid mussels) All species;

- (v) Family Unionidae: Genera Anodonta and Sinanodonta (pond mussels) All species;
- 6. All freshwater and marine invertebrate wild animals which are not held in aquaria or tanks. This subparagraph shall not apply to any species of invertebrate regulated by any other rule in this Subject;
- 7. Species listed in subparagraphs (f)1, f)2, f)3, f)4, or f)5 and held in aquaria or tanks in Georgia before the effective date of this rule may be possessed, sold, transported or transferred for a 12-month period following the effective date of this rule; and
- 8. The species listed in subparagraph (f)1 shall only be licensed for scientific purposes consistent with O.C.G.A. Sec. 27-5-4. Authority O.C.G.A. Secs. 27-5-2 and 27-5-4.